iveg	13116	ation No.																						
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	An	swer Questi Tl	on N	o.1 a	nd 2	M C	SU RANG ime: ax M Q.COI ch ar	RVE CH: ( 3 Ho arks DE: E e cor	Y CIVIL ours : 100 3985 mpul	sory	and	any	fou		n the									
Q1	b)	Answer the following questions:  Least count of 30 m chain is and 20m chain is  The line of collimation method of reduction of levels, does not provide a check on												(2 x 10)										
	c)	The process of setting up a theodolite on a ground station is called The axis about which telescope along with vertical circle rotates in vertical plane is called axis.																						
	d)	The smaller knownsuspended i			. The	verti	cal ar	ngle b	etwe	en lo	ngitud	dinal	axis	of a	freely									
	e)	The point or the surface with respect to which levels of other points or planes are calculated is called The levels of various points taken as height above the datum surface are called																						
	f)	The length of a traverse leg may be obtained by multiplying the and of its reduced bearing.																						
	g)	Bowditch rule is applied to a traverse for adjustment of error.																						
	h)	gls. and data are stored in computers and interlinked in																						
	i) j)	as and																						
Q2	a) b)	Answer the the List the factor Define the terms	rs for	selec	tion c	of bas	e line	S.								(2 x 10)								
	c) d) e)	What do you Draw the figu What is well triangle?	re sh	owing	the o	conto	urs fo	r an c	verha				ell- d	conditi	ioned	ned								
	f) g)	What is meant by sensitivity of a bubble tube?																						
	h)	What are 'fac	What are 'face left' and 'face right' observations? Why is it necessary to take both ace observation?																					
	i) j)	List three fun Write the arit											nod.											
Q3	a)	A nominal di														(10)								

(5)

(10)

(5)

(10)

(5)

(10)

(5)

pull of 10kg at a mean temperature of 70°F. The top of one peg was 0.25m below the top of another. The top of higher peg was 460 meters above mean sea level. Calculate the exact horizontal distance between the marks on the two pegs and reduce it to mean sea level, if the tape was standardised at a temperature of 60°F, in catering, under a pull of (a)8 kg, (b)12 kg, (c) 10kg.

**b)** Explain the different method of chaining on sloping ground. What is hypotenusal allowance?

The following consecutive readings were taken with a level and 5meter levelling staff on continuously sloping ground at a common interval of 20meters: 0.385; 1.030; 1.925; 2.825; 3.730; 4.685; 0.625; 2.005; 3.110; 4.485. The reduced level of first point was 208.125m. Rule out a page of a level field book and enter the above readings. Calculate the reduced levels of the point by rise and fall method

b) Describe briefly the temporary adjustment of a Dumpy Level. (5)

**Q5** a) The following are the bearings of a closed traverse using a prismatic compass. Compute the included angles and the deflection angles. Is there any error in the measurement of angles.

and also the gradient of the line joining first and last point.

 Line
 AB
 BC
 CD
 DE
 EF
 FA

 Bearing
 37° 30'
 92° 00
 151° 30'
 220° 15'
 283° 15'
 330° 15'

A survey line PQ intersects a high building. To prolong the line past the building, a perpendicular QA, 100m long, is set out at Q. From A, two lines AB and AC are set out at angle 45° and 60° respectively with AQ using the chain only. Determine AB and AC such that B and C lie on the prolongation of PQ. Also determine the obstructed distance QB.

**Q6** a) The following observations were taken in reciprocal levelling:

Instrument at	Staff Reading		Remarks				
	Α	В					
Α	1.545	2.565	Distance AB= 1420m				
В	0.725	1.935	RL of A =108.360				

Find (i) RL of B

Q4 a)

(ii) the combined correction for curvature and refraction

(iii) the angular error for collimation adjustment for the instrument.

b) The reading taken on a staff 100m from the instrument with bubble central was 1.872m. The bubble is then moved 5 divisions out of the centre, and the staff reading is observed to be 1.906m. Find the angular value of one division of the bubble, and the radius of the curvature of the bubble tube. The length of one division of the bubble is 2mm.

Q7 a) Describe various methods of contouring. Discuss the merits and demerits of each. (10)

b) Describe with the help of sketches the characteristics of contours. (5)

**Q8 a)** Explain how you would measure Horizontal angle by repetition and vertical angle with a theodolite.

b) Explain the temporary adjustment of transit theodolite. (5)

Q9 a) Briefly explain the components of GIS.Write short note on Geodimeter with schematic diagram.

**b)** To find the level difference between Station A and target point B, following observations were recorded with a total station:

Slope distance =486.228m

Zenith angle =86°28'42"

Height of Instrument = 1.602m

Height of reflector at B =1.836m.

If RL of A is 100m; find RL of B.