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Reg	jistra	ation No :											
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Q1	a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	Answer the following questions: What are different DBMS facilities? What is schema and subschema? Define atomicity and aggregation? What are the primitive operations common to all record management System? What is meant by query optimization? What do database languages do? Compare Non-clustered and clustered index. Enlist the various transaction phases. What is a checkpoint and When does it occur? What is data dictionary?										(2 x 10)	
Q2	a) b)	·										(5) (5)	
Q3	a) b)	relationships.								2nd	(5) (5)		
Q4	a) b)	105. (ii) Display (iii) Display chief is	ns are: Er As Pr employe salary m name of employe 'Mark'.	np(e#, ena signed-too oject(p#, pe e no(e#), ore than the chief u e no and	ame, s (e#, p# oname emplo 5000 c under v Proje	al) t) t, chie yee r or the whom ct no	f) name eir em 'Pete (p#) (of the ploye er' is v	ee no workin ose e	is gr	eater th	han	(5) (5)
	b) How B-tree is differentiate from B+ tree? Give an example.										(-)		

Q5 a) Differentiate between relational algebra and relational calculus with given

b) Why concurrency control is needed? Explain with an example.

example.

Q6 a) Define & explain ARIES algorithm technique for data base recovery. (5) **b)** What is shadow paging? Why it is used? (5) Q7 Given a relation R(A,B,C,D,E)(10) $F = \{A->B, AC->D, D->E, E->A\}$ Check whether the relation is in 3NFor not. If not decompose into 3NF. Find out the decomposition is loss-less or lossy. Q8 Write short answer on any TWO: (5×2) a) Data base failures b) Serializable Schedule c) Parallel Data base d) Data ware house & Data mining